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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/828,734	04/21/2004	Diane T. Stephenson	PHA 42641.1 (01382/2/US) 4758	
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ONE METROPOLITAN SQUARE			WANG, SHENGJUN	
16TH FLOOR ST LOUIS, MO 63102			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1617	
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		•	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/30/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

uspatents@senniger.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Asticus Communication	10/828,734	STEPHENSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Shengjun Wang	1617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	1. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	action is non-final.	•				
· <u> </u>	-					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1,85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	· ·					
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
	,					
	•*					
Attachment(s)						
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections 35 U.S.C. 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto et al. (US 6,291,523), Carter et al. (US 6,034,256, IDS), Talley et al. (US 5,466,823, 5,633,272, 5932,598, IDS), Graneto (US 5,521,207, IDS), Ducharme et al. (US 5,474,995), Dube et al. (WO 98/03484, IDS), Black et al. (WO 00/24719, IDS), Olesen et al. (WO 99/25347), Kem et al. (US 6,077,680), and Arch et al. (WO 94/13272).
- 3. The claims are directed to concomitant administration of a COX-2 selective inhibitor and a potassium ion channel modulator for the treatment of pain, or inflammation related diseases.
- 4. Fujimoto et al. (US 6,291,523), Carter et al. (US 6,034,256, IDS), Talley et al. (US 5,466,823, 5,633,272, 5932,598, IDS), Graneto (US 5,521,207, IDS), Ducharme et al. (US 5,474,995, IDS), Dube et al. (WO 98/03484, IDS), and Black et al. (WO 00/24719, IDS) as whole teaches that selective COX-2 inhibitors in general, and the recited compounds herein in particular, are known to be useful for treatment of pain, inflammation, or inflammation mediated diseases, such as arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, irritable bowel syndrome, Cohn's disease. See, e.g., US 5,932,598, col. 2, line 63 to col. 3, line 12; US 6,034,256 col. 3, line 58 to col. 4, line 48. Those compounds may be formulated into a variety of dosage forms suitable for

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oral, parenteral, or topical administration. See, columns 81-83 in 5,932,598; col. 14, line 1, to col. 15, line 10. Specifically, Fujimoto et al. ('523), teach the phenylacetic acid compounds as recited in claim 22-23, and 34 as selected COX-2 inhibitors, See, the abstract, col. 2, lines 1-25, and the claims, claim 26 in particular. Carter et al. teaches the benzopyran compounds (claims 10-11 and 33) as selective COX-2 inhibitors, see, the abstract, col. 3, lines 58 to col. 4, line 42. Talley et al. teach celecoxib (5,466,823, col. 53, line 15), valdecoxib (5, 633,272, col. 22), and parecoxib (5,932,598, col. 49) as selective COX-2 inhibitors; Ducharme et al. (5,474,995, col. 27, compound 23) teach Refocoxib; Dube et al. (WO 98/03484, page 30) teach etoricoxib; Graneto (US 5,521,207, col. 43, example 1) teaches Darecoxib; and Black et al. teaches the compound recited in claim 32. See, particularly, page 79, lines 28-29.

- Olesen et al., Kem et al. and Arch et al. teaches that potassium channel modulators, such as nicorandil, clotrimazole and Stichodactyla toxin, are known to be useful as analgesics and as anti-inflammatory agents. Specifically, Arch reveals that potassium channel activator, such as nicoranil, are known to be effective analgesics. See, particularly, the abstract and claim 14; Olesen et al. teaches that potassium channel modulators, such as clotrimazole, are useful for treatment of arthritis and Chron's disease; See, particularly, the abstract, page 11, line 18, page 20, line 9-15. Kem et al. also teach that Stichodactyla toxin are useful for treatment of various autoimmune diseases, including rheumatoid arthritis, Chron's disease. See, particularly, the abstract, and the claims.
- 6. The references do not teach expressly the concomitant administration of selective COX-2 inhibitor and potassium channel blocker for treatment of pain, inflammation or inflammation mediated diseases.

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However, it would have been obvious concomitantly administer a COX-2 selective inhibitor and a potassium channel blocker, such as nicorandil, clotrimazole and Stichodactyla toxin, to a patients in need of treatment of pain, inflammation, or inflammation mediated disease because both the selective COX-2 inhibitors and sodium channel blockers are known to be useful for treatment of pain, inflammation and inflammation mediated diseases.

It is prima facie obvious to combine two compositions each of which is taught in the prior art to be useful for same purpose in order to form third composition that is to be used for very the same purpose; idea of combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in prior art. See <u>In re Kerkhoven</u>, 205 USPQ 1069.

The evidence presented by the reference shows that the subject matter as claimed is a combination of known components selected for their known properties as analgesics and/or anti-inflammatory agent. A claim which unites elements with no change in their respective functions to yield a predictable result is not patentable in the absence of secondary considerations.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shengjun Wang whose telephone number is (571) 272-0632. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 7:00 am to 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan, can be reached on (571) 272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shengjun Wang Primary Examiner Art Unit 1617

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FRIMARY EXAMILL.

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